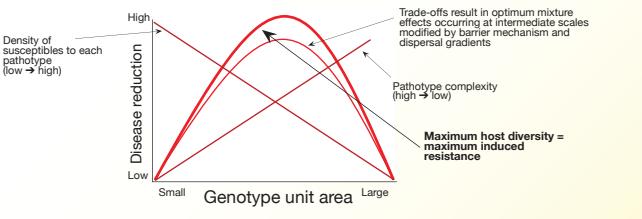


# The effects of spatial scaling in host heterogeneity on epidemics of a plant pathogen

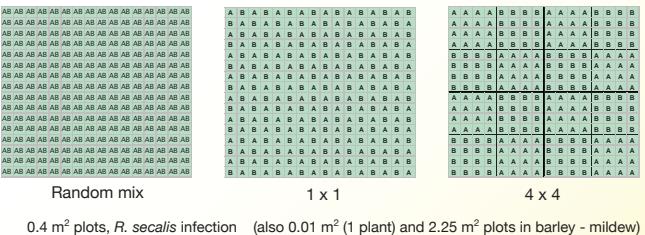
Adrian C Newton, Graham Begg and Stuart Swanston,

Scottish Crop Research Institute, Invergowrie, Dundee DD2 5DA, Scotland, UK. adrian.newton@scri.ac.uk

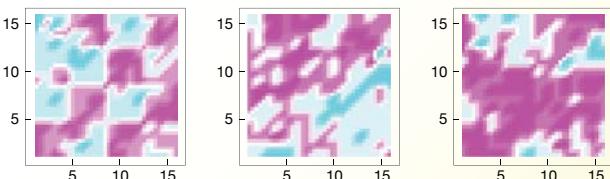
## Disease reduction trade-offs with scale



## Spatial deployment in the field

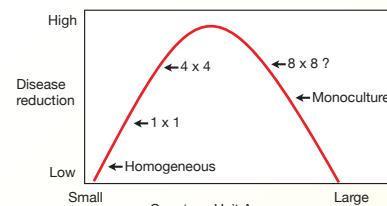


## Disease progression (4x4)

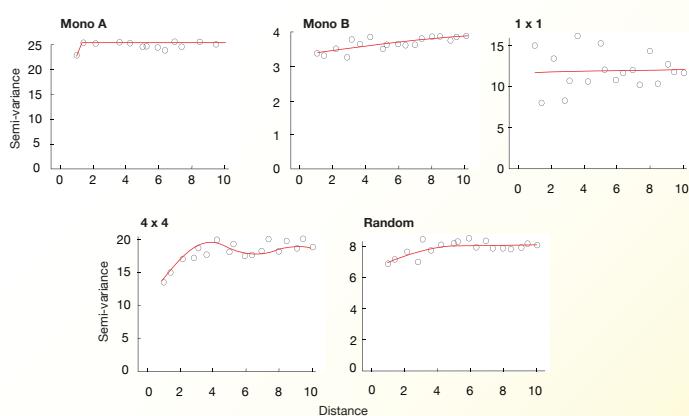


## Spatial correlation

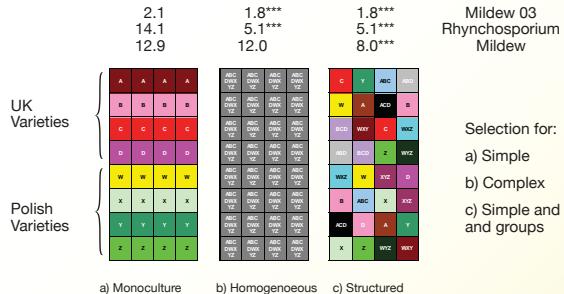
- The variogram describes the spatial correlation of the observed Rhynchosporium scores by plotting the mean-squared difference (semi-variance) between observed scores as a function of the distance between plots.
- The strength of the spatial structure present within the distribution of Rhynchosporium over the observed scale is quantified by the variogram sill.
- Comparison of the sill estimates showed a significant effect of scale (including monocultures) (trial 1-3:  $F_{4,30} = 4.68$ ,  $P = 0.0047$ ; trial 4:  $F_{4,2} = 20.82$ ,  $P = 0.0463$ ) with the 4x4 having a significantly greater sill than monoculture treatments.
- The flat variograms associated with the 1x1 scale deployments indicate that there is little or no spatial correlation across the observed separation distances when mixtures were deployed at this scale, however the alternation between high and low semi-variance values is consistent with patchiness at the scale of the 1 x 1 plots.
- Spatial correlation in Rhynchosporium scores was most evident at the 4 x 4 scale. The oscillating variogram is consistent with a chequer board pattern in Rhynchosporium scores at the 4x4 scale.



## Spatial analysis using variograms

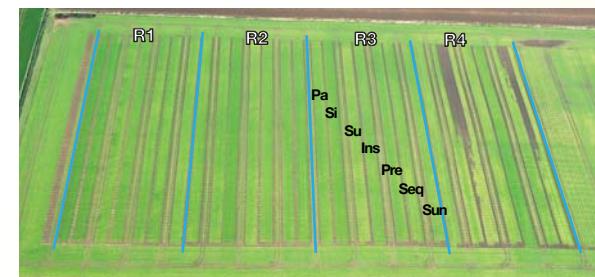


## Structuring resistance gene deployment

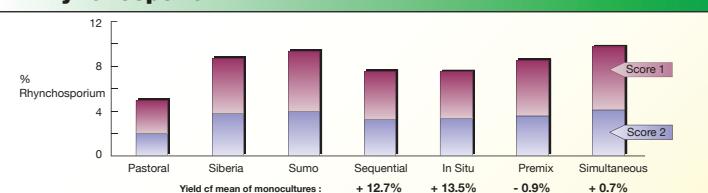


- Selection for:
- Simple
  - Complex
  - Simple and complex and groups

## Winter barley variable homogeneity mixes



## Rhynchosporium



## Conclusions

- Optimum scale of spatial distribution of mixture components depends on pathogen dispersal characteristics
- Spatial deployment parameters will also affect resource capture
- Yield will be dependent on compromises between different pathogen control and resource capture scale and distribution characteristics and parameters

- Patchy distribution of mixture components may be a practical compromise on-farm
- It is unnecessary and undesirable for mixtures to be homogeneously mixed

## Acknowledgements:

We thank the Scottish Society for Crop Research and the Scottish Executive Environment and Rural Affairs Department for funding this work.