Exploring Governance for Rural Community Empowerment: Ayrshire 21

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Introduction

- Within the context of public service reform, and the increasing emphasis on 'localism', communities are becoming more central in the co-production of services at a local level. There is also increasing attention being given to how rural communities might be empowered through new decision making approaches.
- However, little is known systematically about the existing landscape of governance for rural **community empowerment** that these developments are taking place within.
- The approach taken for this study also recognises that:
- The concept of empowerment applies at individual, community, local, regional and national levels.
- The practices and institutions of governance the ways that actors, including governments, other opportunities – also operate at different scales, and influence the nature and extent of empowerment.





Methods

- This study therefore has four key aims:
 - 1. 'Context map' governance in existence to support rural community empowerment and decision making within rural Ayrshire across the public, private and third sectors at multiple scales.
 - 2. Examine through mixed methods case study work examples of the processes of decision making and empowerment taking place and the nature of the linkages between modes of governance.
 - 3. Move beyond context mapping of 'on the radar' modes of governance to 'below the radar', less visible, activity, identifying any linkages between these.
 - 4. Examine how novel modes of governance such as Ayrshire 21 may be providing new spaces for rural community empowerment.



public bodies, private sector and civil society come together to solve societal problems or create









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Ayrshire 21

• Ayrshire 21 is a LEADER funded rural action planning programme taking place in North, South and East Ayrshire during 2013.

• It is supporting a minimum of seven rural communities in each Local Authority to develop **local action plans**, who have not previously done so. • It is also seeking to build capacity within communities, and to deliver activities and links across the three local authorities.

• In each Local Authority, different approaches are emerging, and different stakeholders – including organisations delivering the project - are involved.

Research Methods

Participant observation.

 Analysis of key documents and data collected by delivery agents and community agents. Semi-structured interviews (Local Authority contacts; delivery agents; community agents; community members).

Workshops (reference group, delivery agents, community agents, community members). Additional in-depth case study work in one community in each Local Authority.

Emerging Themes

Diverse approaches in each Local Authority: where to build capacity?

Institutional, collective and individual capacities.

• Timescales: how long does it take to build capacity... and resilience?

• Are timescales distinct?

Breaking down barriers between groups key to enhancing capacity.

 Supporting groups to identify shared objectives and work together.

What has happened before, and future plans, influence integration of the programme with other structures.

Building on pre-existing (rural) networks and governance structures involves diverse actors at different scales:

 To support empowerment within and between Local Authorities

 Pre-existing landscapes for rural empowerment vary between Local Authorities for historical, geographical, economic and social reasons.





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