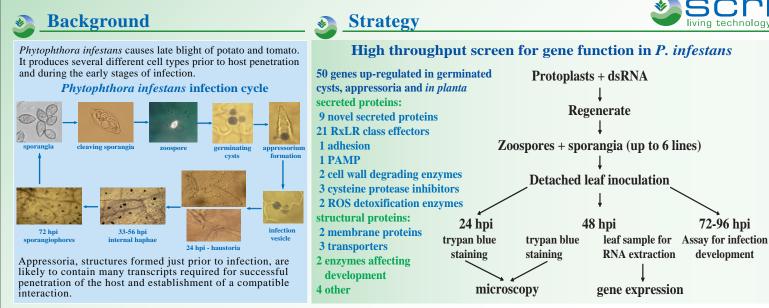
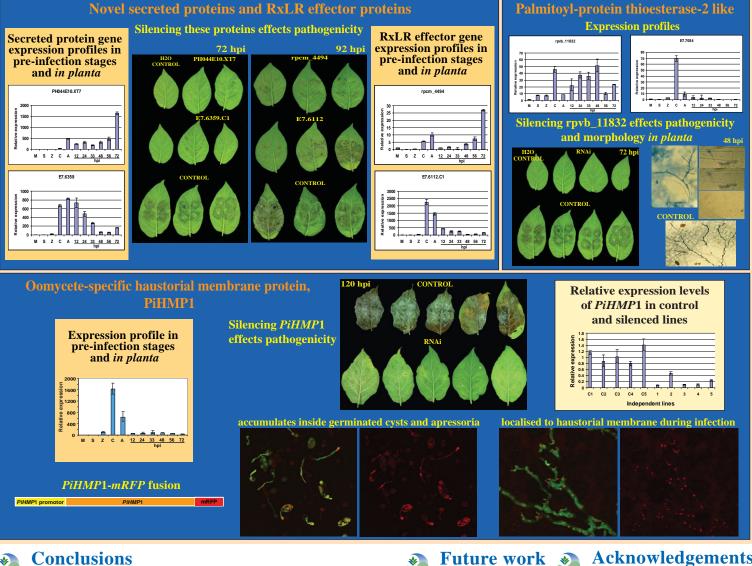
Identification of novel pathogenicity factors in the late blight pathogen, Phytophthora infestans

Anna Avrova! Petra Boevink! Laura Grenville-Briggs? Pieter van West? Paul Birch! and Stephen Whisson!

- 1 Scottish Crop Research Institute, Invergowrie, Dundee DD2 5DA, UK.
- 2 University of Aberdeen, Institute of Medical Sciences, Foresterhill, Aberdeen AB25 2ZD.



Results





Conclusions

Transient RNAi is effective for identifying genes with a major role in pathogenicity. RNAi can inform hypotheses for downsteam analysis of pathogenicity in P.

Both formation of functional pre-infection structures and pathogenicity require the action of many genes.





Acknowledgements

Localisation of structural proteins by translational fusion to fluorescent proteins. and subsequent observation by confocal microscopy.

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