

Innovation in natural capital valuation by participatory approaches to improve decision-making

“Bringing in participatory approaches to widen the scope of
natural capital valuation”

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Goal

- Explore a plurality of values through participation and deliberation
- Showcase a valuation framework and toolkit
- Highlight lessons on the potential use of the valuation framework



Integration of natural capital in policy

- Third Land Use Strategy 2021-2026

- Encourage planning by a natural capital approach

- Fourth Land Use Strategy 2027-2032

- Progress towards a net-zero, nature-positive economy by 2045

- Regional Land Use Partnerships (RLUPs) and Natural Capital Community Partnerships

- Adopt a natural capital approach at a local level to support nature restoration through a fair and just approach involving multiple parties.



Steps of the valuation framework

Explore value plurality
– literature review/
workshops

What stakeholders
value as important ?

Plan scenario narrative
(workshop)

What future for NC
stakeholders
envisage?

Prepare valuation
toolkit +guidance

How to value at
place?

Deliberation
on land use
management

GIS
participatory
mapping

Where are instrumental
values and how change
under scenarios?

Q method

How can value
be categorised?

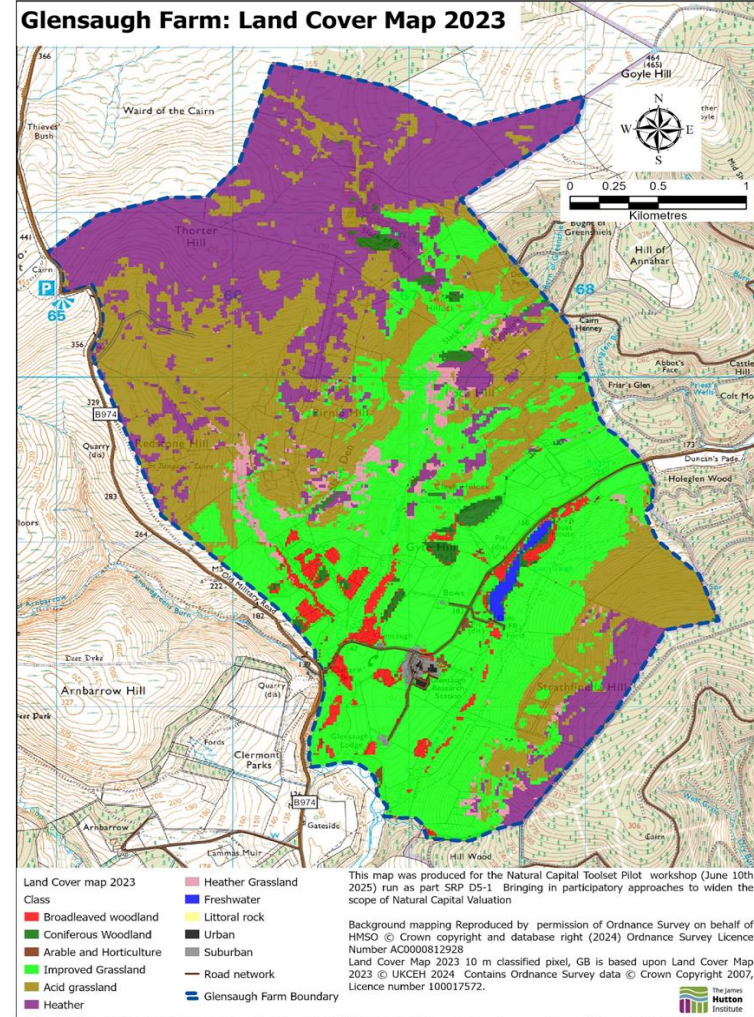
Photo-
Elicitation/
interviews

What are people
connection with nature?

Implementation

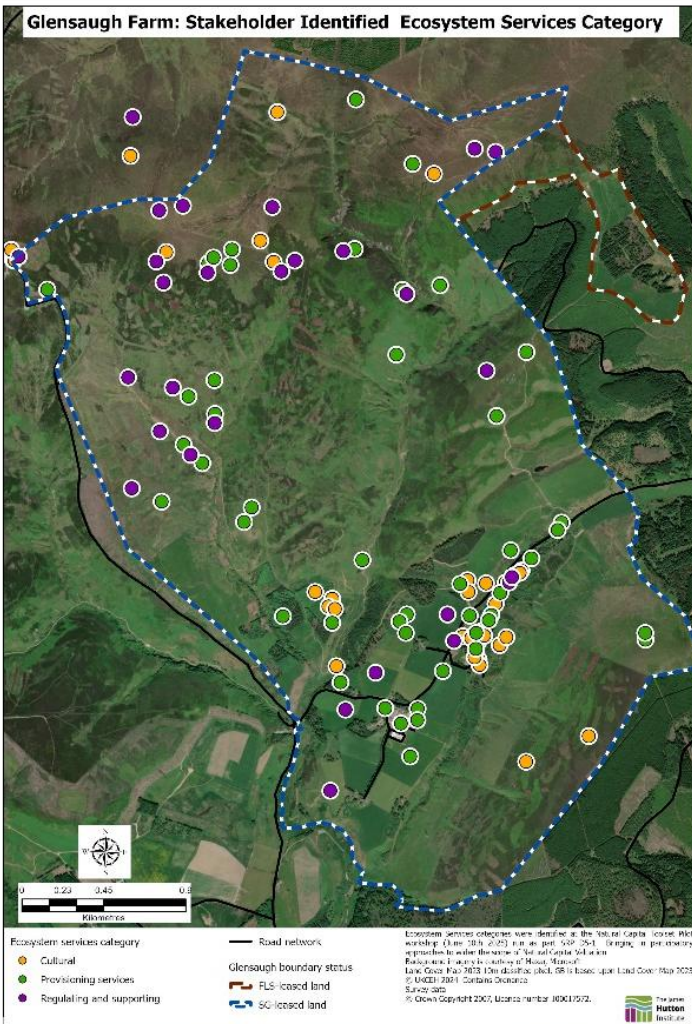
At Glensaugh farm, the positive climate farm managed by the James Hutton Institute

- Local stakeholders (The James Hutton Institute, Brechin Angling Club)
- SG agencies (Nature Scot, Forestry and Land Scotland)
- Private stakeholders: Scottish Woodlands

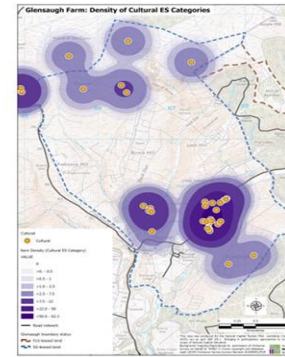


GIS participatory mapping

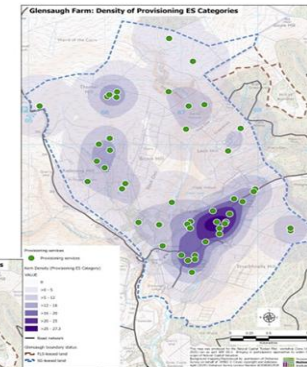
ES type	N. points	%
cultural	37	33.04
provisioning	47	41.96
regulating	28	25.00



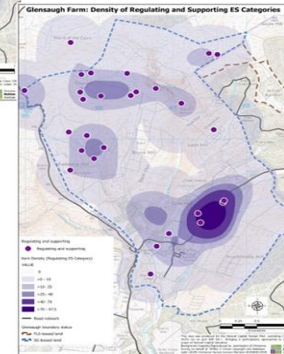
Cultural ES



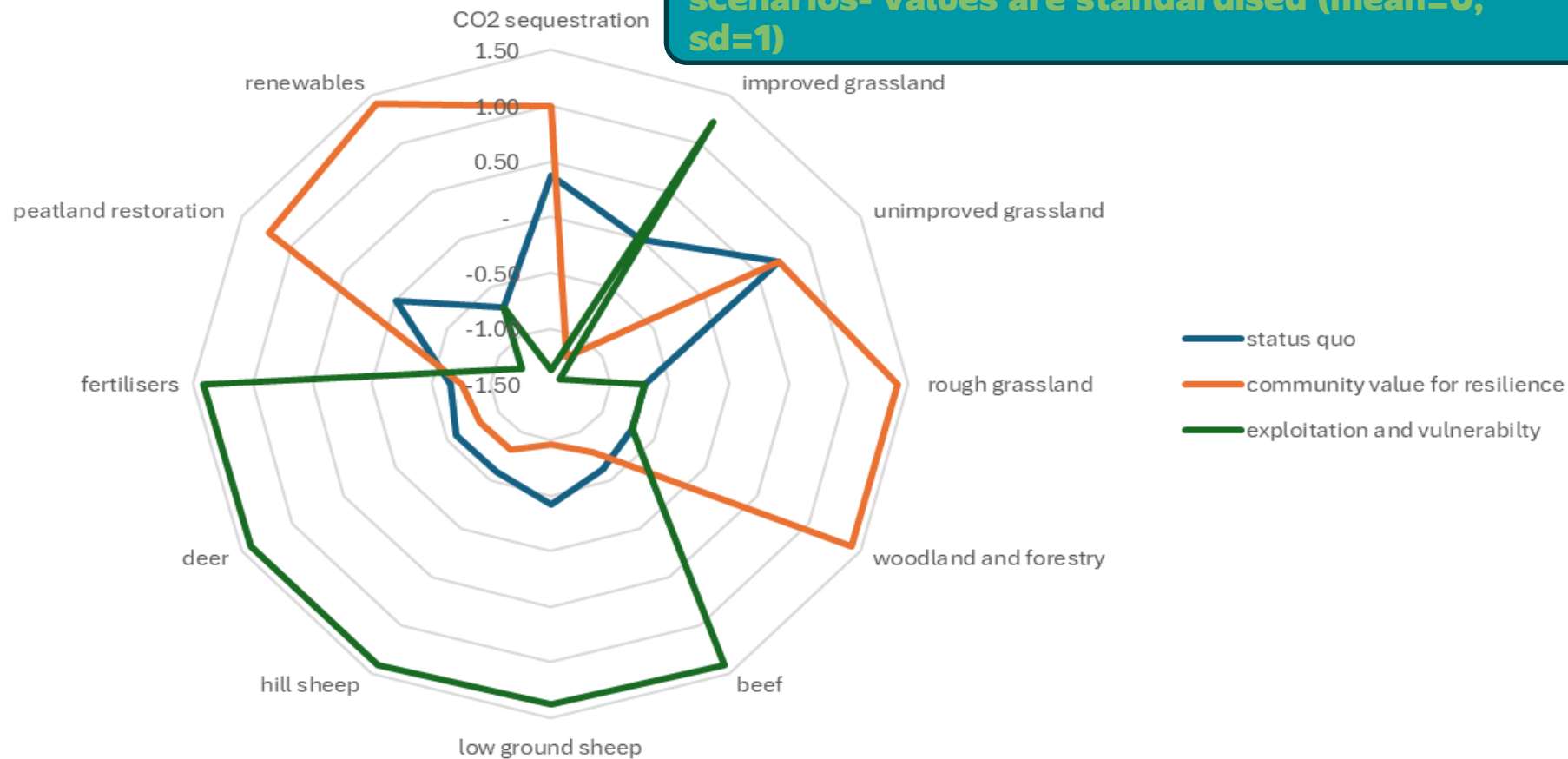
Provisioning ES



Regulating ES



Dependency and impact analysis under scenarios- values are standardised (mean=0, sd=1)



Photographic methods and interviews revealed deep personal and relational insights on natural capital value



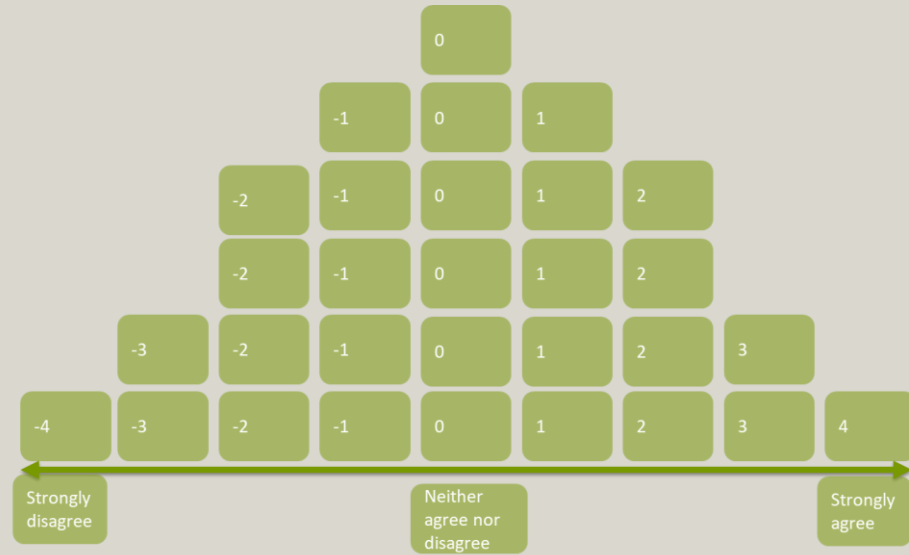
'I think it's like a doorway, right?... to the right way... once you open that gate, it's kind of like your, your doorway into just peace, you know, it's it's whatever you want.'

Q method

We asked stakeholders to rate their level of agreement with 30 statements about natural capital value using a triangular matrix.

The approach shows:

- Perceptions across individuals
- Aspects of nature that are important



The photograph shows a meeting room with a distinctive hexagonal acoustic ceiling. A man in a white shirt is standing at the front, presenting to a group of people seated at tables. A large screen displays a slide titled "Bringing in participatory approaches to widen the scope of Natural Capital Valuation" with the subtitle "– JHI-DS-1 (SRP 2022-2027)". The slide lists several bullet points: "Natural capital (NC) place-based approach", "Captures multiple dimensions of value through knowledge co-creation", "Aid decision making", and "Provides a platform for NC to support landscape-scale planning and decision-making, (e.g. by providing a common language for NC Community Development)". A small logo for "The Urban Institute" is visible in the top right corner of the slide. The room has a modern, warm aesthetic with wooden paneling and hexagonal light fixtures.

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CONSERVATIONISM

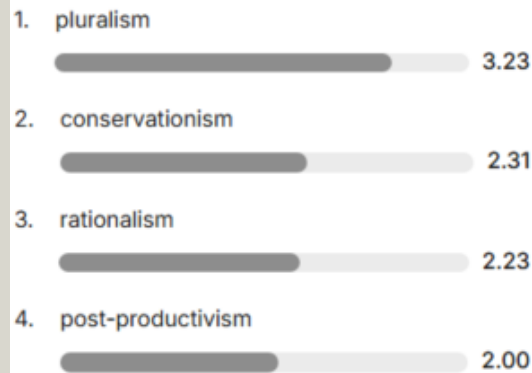
1. Improve woodlands.
2. Diversify tree species against climate risk
3. Farm production is not the most important reason for managing NC.
4. Develop community wellbeing.

RATIONALISM

1. Production planned in terms of climate change (CC) impacts.
2. NC may generate income to protect it against CC.
3. Collaboration between investors and land managers
4. NC support wellbeing

Q deliberation

If your preferences overlap among these four groups, can you please rank them from the most to the least important ?



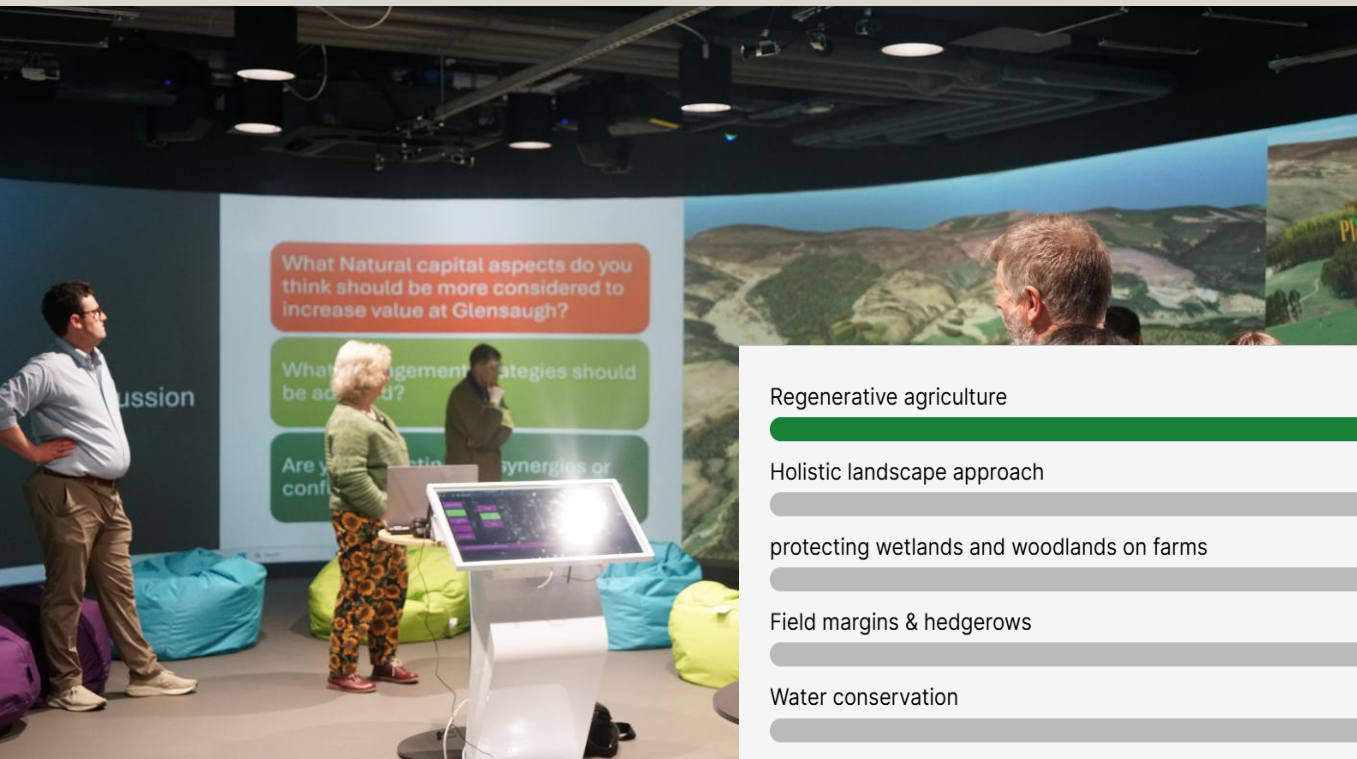
PLURALISM

1. Consider plural values of NC, beyond economic benefits.
2. Connecting with nature: sense of closeness with heritage
3. NC support wellbeing

POST-PRODUCTIVISM

1. Profitability of timber and food but not at the expenses of environmental services.
2. No focus on relational values but on physical and mental wellbeing
3. Decisions mainly driven by experts

Deliberating on management preferences



Regenerative agriculture is a holistic farming approach that rehabilitates ecosystems by focusing on soil health, biodiversity, and water management.

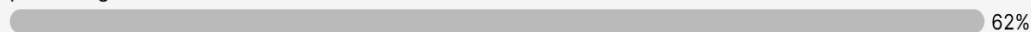
Regenerative agriculture



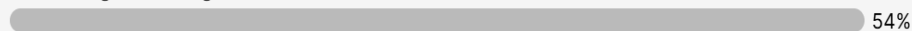
Holistic landscape approach



protecting wetlands and woodlands on farms



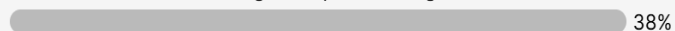
Field margins & hedgerows



Water conservation



Reduced fertilisers & integrated pest management



Multi-actor knowledge network (local and expert advice)



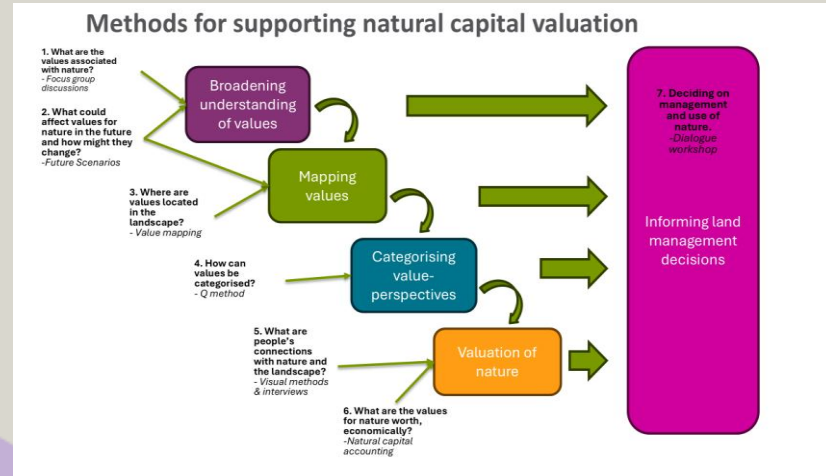
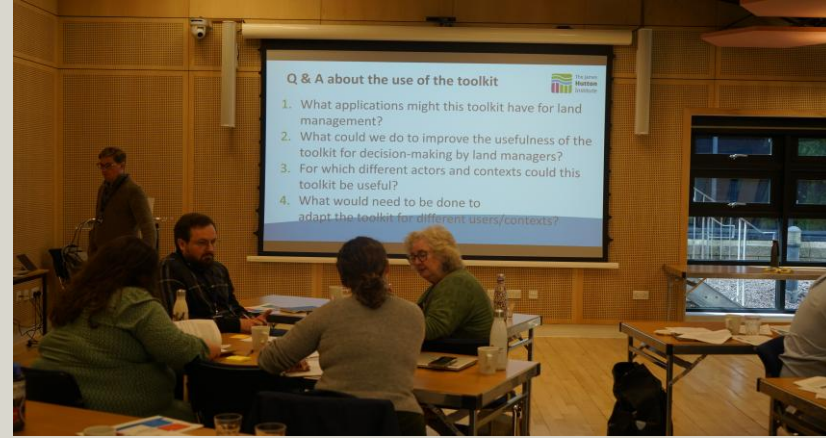
Livelihood diversification



This rank is aligned to the value preference discussed earlier

Does the toolkit help supporting decision making?

- Engagement and facilitation
 - Improve consultation
 - Contribute to conflict resolution
- Local authorities / community engagement
- Different scales
- Toolkit needs facilitation
 - Advise on support for analysis
 - Templates to support analysis and presentation of results



This presentation is part of the project

“Bringing in participatory approaches to widen the scope of natural capital valuation” - Scottish Government Strategic Research Programme (2022-27)



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